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APPLICATION NO.	F	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/671,747	10/671,747 09/24/2003		Peter Martin Fischer	CCI-027CN	9353
959	7590	01/04/2006		EXAMINER	
LAHIVE &		FIELD, LLP.	RAO, DEEPAK R		
BOSTON,)9		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
•				1624	

DATE MAILED: 01/04/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
Office Anti-u Comment	10/671,747	FISCHER ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Deepak Rao	1624					
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the o	correspondence address					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING E - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timed to the second	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 29.5	September 2005.						
<u> </u>	s action is non-final.						
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closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of Claims							
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-29 and 35-48</u> ♦/are pending in the application.							
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-29 and 39-41</u>							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>35-38 and 42-48</u> ▶ /are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	or election requirement.						
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examin	er.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	ction is required if the drawing(s) is ob	jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).					
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	xaminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:							
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage							
application from the International Burea	` ' ' '						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
Attachment(s)							
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D						
 Rotice of Draitsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-946) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date 		Patent Application (PTO-152)					

DETAILED ACTION

This office action is in response to the amendment filed on September 29, 2005.

Claims 1-29 and 35-48 are pending in this application.

Withdrawn Rejections/Objections:

Applicant is notified that any outstanding rejection/objection that is not expressly maintained in this office action has been withdrawn or rendered moot in view of applicant's amendments and/or remarks.

The following rejections are maintained:

Claims 35-38, 42-45 and 46-48 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, because the specification, while being enabling for treating lung cancer, cancer of the cervix, colon cancer, breast cancer and cancer of the bone, does not reasonably provide enablement for treatment of all types of diseases of the instant claims. The specification does not enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to use the invention commensurate in scope with these claims. The reasons provided in the previous office action are incorporated here by reference.

Applicant's arguments have been fully considered but they were not deemed to be persuasive. Applicant first argues that 'the specification discloses the anti-proliferative effect of the compounds within the scope of the instant invention'. However, the data in Table 2 is with respect to cancers of the lung, cervix, colon, breast and bone and there is nothing in the specification how this data for a limited number of compounds of the large genus of instant

claims extrapolates to all the other proliferative diseases of the instant claims. Applicant did not state on record or provide any guidance that the assays provided are correlated to the clinical efficacy of the treatment of various disorders encompassed by the claims. As can be seen from specification pages 21-22, the *in vitro* data holds significant role in determining the dosage regimen based on the minimal effective concentration of each of the compound to achieve the desired inhibition of the enzymes.

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Further, neither the specification nor the state of the art references provide how the instant data of Examples 17-18 can be extrapolated to the treatment of all types of proliferative diseases related to CDK. For example, the development of the most efficacious strategy for the treatment of all types of cancers is based on understanding the underlying mechanisms of carcinogenesis. This includes the knowledge that the carcinogenic process is a multi-step, multimechanism process and that no two cancers are alike, in spite of some apparent universal characteristics, such as their inability to have growth control, to terminally differentiate, to apoptose abnormally and to have an apparent extended or immortalized life span. Since tumor promotion phase involves multiple mechanisms, there is no existence of a single therapeutic approach.

Applicant next argues that 'the instant claims are directed to methods of treating a subject for a CDK dependent proliferative disorder by administering a compound of the invention'. This is not found to be the case because claim 46 recites 'a method for the treating a subject for cancer and leukemia' and therefore, is drawn to treatment of cancer generally. It is once again submitted that existence of a single therapeutic agent for treating cancer generally is contrary to our present understanding of oncology. A detailed analysis of the Wands factors was provided in Application/Control Number: 10/671,747

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the previous office action, which continues to be applicable to the pending claims.

Applicant's argument that 'the specification describes experimental protocols by which kinase specificity and selectivity of various compounds of the invention for the inhibition of CDK (Examples 17-18)' is fully considered. However, the state of the art (see Blain) is indicative that 'the specific functions of Cdk are poorly understood'. Further, Lu Valle reference provides that "To obtain a more detailed understanding of chondrocyte proliferation and differentiation, much more work in this field will be necessary. The pathways connecting the mentioned growth factors to cell cycle genes, as well as negative regulation of these genes, have to be analyzed in much more detail" (see page 12). The reference further provides that "due to the complex biology of the skeleton *in vivo*, the results obtained in such studies will have to be confirmed by experiments using transgenic or "knockout" mice to contribute more significantly to our understanding of growth plate function". This clearly illustrates the unpredictability of cell cyclin dependent kinase pathways and mechanisms and therefore, one skilled in the art would not reach the conclusion whether or not the compound will be effective in treating cancer, without going through undue experimentation.

The specification provides no evidence to show enablement for treating cancer generally. Where the utility is unusual or difficult to treat or speculative, the examiner has authority to require evidence that tests relied on are reasonably predictive of *in vivo* efficacy by those skilled in the art. See for example *In re Ruskin* 148 USPQ 221; *Ex parte Jovanovics* 211 USPQ 907. Applicant has not provided any reference(s) that forms sufficient evidence that claimed uses were art-recognized based on activity relied on at the time of applicants' effective filing date. MPEP 2164.05(a).

Applicant's attention is directed to *In re Buting*, 163 USPQ 689 (CCPA 1969), wherein 'evidence involving a single compound and two types of cancer, was held insufficient to establish the utility of the claims directed to disparate types of cancers. The judges in that case indicated that: "We are not aware of any reputable authority which would accept appellant's two clinical cases as establishing utility for treatment of cancer in humans. As was pointed out in *Brenner v*. *Manson*, 148 USPQ 689, a process to be patentable must produce a useful result and be of substantial utility not merely of scientific interest or for further testing. In this case further testing seems necessary".

Applicant has not provided sufficient evidence that establishes that the disclosure would have enabled for one skilled in the art at the time of filing. Further, the state of the art does not identify a single class of compounds that can treat all types of diseases of the instant claims.

Further, one skilled in the art of medicinal therapy recognizes that there are complex interactions between individual genetic, developmental state, sex, dietary, environmental, drug, and lifestyle factors that contribute to the carcinogenic process, making it even more challenging to have a single therapeutic agent for the treatment of diverse diseases. Rigorously planned and executed clinical trials, incorporating measurement of appropriate biomarkers and pharmacodynamic endpoints are critical for selecting the optimal dose and schedule. A detailed understanding of the molecular mode of action of the kinase inhibitors alongside the elucidation of the molecular pathology of individual cancers is required to identify tumor types and individual patients that may benefit most from treatment. It is also important to construct a pharmacologic audit trail linking molecular biomarkers and pharmacokinetic and pharmacodynamic parameters to receptor response endpoints. Therefore, it is maintained that applicants have not provided sufficient test

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assays or data to support the method of inhibition or treatment commensurate in scope with the claims, as of the filing date of the application.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 1-29 and 39-41 are allowed. The references of record do not teach or fairly suggest the instantly claimed compounds.

Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Deepak Rao whose telephone number is (571) 272-0672. The examiner can normally be reached on Tuesday-Friday from 6:30am to 5:00pm.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, James O. Wilson, can be reached at (571) 272-0661. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (571) 273-8300.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (571) 272-1600.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Deepak Rao Primary Examiner Art Unit 1624

December 27, 2005